

Financial situation of the United Nations

Statement by Yukio Takasu, Under-Secretary-General for Management

Fifth Committee of the General Assembly at its 67th session

11 October 2012

Mr. Chairman,

I am pleased to present you the current financial situation of the United Nations. At the outset, on behalf of the Secretary-General, I would like to express our deep appreciation to all Member States you represent for serious effort for full and prompt payment to the UN under financial constraint at home.

I shall discuss four categories of assessed contributions; regular budget, peacekeeping, tribunals and Capital Master Plan.

These will be presented on main financial indicators:

- (a) Amounts of assessed contributions
- (b) Unpaid assessed contributions
- (c) Available cash
- (d) Outstanding Payments to Member States.

Chart 1 summarizes the status with respect to assessments at 31 December 2011 and 5 October 2012, the cut off date for reporting. (PKO amounts for 2012 cover only untill December 2012, which is based on the current scale.)

Chart 2 summarizes the status with respect to cash as of 31 December 2011 and as of 5 October 2012. For outstanding payments to Member States, comparison is made at the end of 2011 and projections for 31 December 2012. Overall, financial indicators for 2012 are generally positive and sound. The level of outstanding payments to Member States is projected to decrease at year-end. Cash balances are projected to be positive for peacekeeping, the tribunals, and the capital master plan. However, the level of cash for the regular budget is facing pressure in the final months of the year and largely depends on incoming contributions at the year-end.

Regular budget

As **Chart 3** shows, assessments were slightly lower and payments received were higher in 2012 than in 2011 by \$112 million. Unpaid assessed contributions amounted to \$855 million on 5 October 2012. This is lower by \$12 million than the \$867 million outstanding on 5 October 2011, last year's cut-off date for the presentation.

By 5 October 2012, 129 Member States had paid their regular budget assessments in full, two lower than the level of 5 October 2011 (131 as seen in **Chart 4**). At 31 December 2011 the corresponding figure was 143.

We are grateful to those 129 Member States (see **Chart 5**) that have paid their regular budget contributions in full by now. We urge the remaining 63 Member States that have not yet done so to pay their assessed contributions in full as soon as possible.

The breakdown of the \$855 million that remained outstanding at 5 October 2012 is shown in **Chart 6**. As you can see, this amount is highly concentrated with few Member States. Clearly, the final financial picture for 2012 will largely depend on the action taken by these Member States in the coming months.

Cash resources for the regular budget comprise the General Fund, to which assessed contributions are paid, the Working Capital Fund at the level of \$150 million set by the General Assembly, and the Special Account. As shown in **Chart 7**, cash resources available at the end of 2011 and at 5 October 2012 were \$94 million and \$149 million respectively, excluding the Working Capital Fund and the Special Account. The month-by-month regular budget cash position in 2011-2012 is shown in **Chart 8**. Regular budget cash position is expected to be tight at the end of 2012, as disbursements for the last quarter of the year are projected to amount to around \$776 million. The final situation will clearly depend on the action taken by the Member States referred to earlier in **Chart 6**.

Peacekeeping operations

The changing demand for peacekeeping activities makes it hard to predict financial outcomes. In addition, peacekeeping has a different financial period, running from 1 July to 30 June rather than calendar year; assessments are issued separately for each operation; and, since assessment letters can only be issued through the mandate period approved by the Security Council for each mission, they are issued for different periods throughout the year. All of these factors complicate a comparison between peacekeeping operations and regular budget.

The total amount outstanding for peacekeeping operations at 5 October 2012 is \$1.85 billion (see **Chart 9**), reflecting a decrease of \$775 million from the amount at the end of 2011. The current level of unpaid assessments is, in part, related to a lower level

of peacekeeping assessments for July 2012/June 2013 fiscal year, pending approval of a new scale of assessments for 2013.

Due to the unpredictable amount and timing of peacekeeping assessments throughout the year, it can be more difficult for Member States to keep fully current with assessments. Let me therefore pay special gratitude to the 32 Member States, listed in **Chart 10**, which at 11 October 2012 had paid all peacekeeping assessments that were then due and payable. They were Australia, Austria, Burkina Faso, Canada, China, Costa Rica, Cote d'Ivoire, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Latvia, Libya, Malawi, Monaco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Norway, the Republic of Korea, the Republic of Moldova, Russian Federation, Singapore, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Republic of Tanzania. The list of unpaid peacekeeping assessments is shown in **Chart 11**. Here we acknowledge the differences in financial year of Member States, which causes timing issue for prompt payment by some Member States.

The total cash available for peacekeeping at 5 October 2012 was approximately \$3.7 billion. **Chart 12** shows the breakdown of this amount among active missions with approximately \$3.2 billion, closed missions with \$351 million and the Peacekeeping Reserve Fund with \$130 million.

As regards to <u>outstanding payments to Member States</u>, when we reported to you in May, we had projected the Organization's outstanding payments to Member States providing troops, police and equipment to peacekeeping operations at \$678 million. Based on revised projections, the amount outstanding at the end of 2012 is expected to be around \$512 million, which is lower than both the amount projected in May, and the actual outstanding of \$529 million at 31 December 2011 (see Chart 13).

Chart 14 shows the breakdown of outstanding payments. At the beginning of October 2012, \$349 million was owed to Member States for troops and formed police units, \$550 million was owed for contingent-owned equipment claims for active missions, \$86 million was owed for COE claims for closed missions under old methodology. In addition, we owe \$76 million for letters of assist, and \$1 million for death and disability claims. (In total, \$1,062 million) We are making substantial payments in the next few days. By 16 October 2012, the amounts owed for troops and formed police units and COE for active missions will be current up to August except three missions. By the end of 2012, we estimated in total \$512 million, still high but a decrease of \$17 million from one year earlier. The actual level of payments, as always, will depend on Member States meeting their obligations to the United Nations.

Chart 15 shows the breakdown of over \$1 billion owed to troop, police and equipment contributing countries as at 1 October 2012. As I explained, this total will be reduced to \$460 million by 16 October.

For our part, Mr. Chairman, the Secretary-General is committed to meeting obligations to Member States providing troops and equipment as expeditiously as

possible. I would like to reassure you that we monitor peacekeeping cash flow situation constantly, and try to maximize the quarterly payments based on the available cash as priority.

To do so, however, we depend on Member States meeting their financial obligations to the United Nations in full and on time, and also on the expeditious finalization of MOUs with troop contributors for provision of equipment.

International tribunals

The financial position for international tribunals, which includes the newly established International Residual Mechanism, reflected slightly higher unpaid assessments at 5 October 2012, compared to 5 October 2011. As shown in **Chart 16**, unpaid assessments for tribunals amounted to \$63 million on 5 October 2012.

Nevertheless, a total of 95 Member States paid their assessed contributions in full for both international tribunals and the International Residual Mechanism by 5 October 2012, which is two higher than the level reached at 5 October 2011. Let me express our sincere appreciation again to those 95 Member States that have met their obligations in full (see **Chart 17**) and urge other Member States to pay their contributions to the international tribunals in full and on time.

The final financial position of the tribunals will depend on Member States continuing to honour their financial obligations over the remaining months of 2012 (see **Chart 18**). The breakdown of unpaid assessed contributions for the tribunals is shown in **Chart 19**. A lot will depend on payment to be made by these Member States.

Chart 20 shows cash flow figures for the tribunals for 2011 and 2012. The cash position is currently positive; however, the actual outcome depends also on Member States meeting their financial obligations to the tribunals in full and in a timely manner.

Capital Master Plan

A total of \$1.87 billion was assessed under the special account for the Capital Master Plan. In accordance with arrangements for financing of the capital master plan, 180 Member States were under the multi-year payments system and 12 Member States opted for one-time payment. As of 5 October 2012, payments totalling above \$1.86 billion have been made against assessments, with \$4.6 million still outstanding (see **Chart 21**). As the result, cash balances for CMP remain solid as shown in **Chart 22**.

I should like to thank those 149 Member States (see **Chart 23**) that have paid their Capital Master Plan assessments in full. In order to ensure the timely execution of the project, I would urge other Member States to follow their example.

Conclusions

In conclusion, Mr. Chairman, let me pay particular tribute to the 31 Member States that had paid in full entire assessments that were due and payable as of 11 October 2012 (see **Chart 24**). These were Australia, Austria, Burkina Faso, Canada, China, Costa Rica, Cote d'Ivoire, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Kazakhstan, Kenya, Latvia, Libya, Malawi, Monaco, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Norway, the Republic of Korea, the Republic of Moldova, Singapore, South Africa, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Republic of Tanzania.

Key points on the financial situation are summarized on **Chart 25**. Cash positions are projected to be positive and sound at year-end for all funds except the regular budget. Regular budget is expected to be facing pressure at the end of the year. The final outcome will depend on last quarter contributions. Therefore the Secretariat would appreciate those Member States meeting their obligations as soon as possible.

Outstanding payments to Member States are projected to decrease to \$512 million at the end of 2012. In this regard, The Secretariat is making every effort to expedite outstanding payments to Member States.

Unpaid assessments reflect decreases compared to last year across all categories, except the international tribunals. The number of Member States meeting their obligations is higher, with 31 Member States as of today, compared to 18 Member States last year.

In spite of notable increase in the number of Member States that have made full payment, a significant amount of assessments still remains unpaid. The financial health of our Organization depends on Member States meeting their financial obligations in full and on time. On behalf of the Secretary-General, let me urge all Member States to continue to endeavour to do so.

Thank you very much, Mr. Chairman.

Estimated amounts owed to Governments for troops/formed police, contingent-owned equipment and consumables, letters of assist and death and disability (as of 1 October 2012)

(In thousands of US dollars)

			Contingent-owned equipment				
					1		
		Troops and	(new COE	(old COE	TOTAL Contingent-	_	Death and
Government	Total ^d	formed police	methodology) ^a	methodology) b	owned equipment	Letter of Assist c	disability ^c
Total	1 062 232	349 442	549 529	86 447	635 976	75 810	1 004
Argentina	12 351	4 600	6 112	. —	6 112	1 639	
Australia	3 316	-		3 316	3 316	_	_
Austria	2 250	1 829	358	64	422		
Bangladesh	107 464	38 466	62 650	314	62 964	5 894	140
Belgium	2 895	464	911		911	1 519	_
Belarus	8	8	<u> </u>	_	_	******	
Benin	8 106	3 149	4 958	· —	4 958	_	
Bolivia	4 549	747	3 802		3 802	_	_
Bosnia amd Herzegovina	930	_	—	930	930		
Brazil	18 337	7 793	10 136	407	10 543	_	_
Bulgaria	341	-		341	341	_	
Burkina Faso	8 308	3 400	4 908	_	4 908		_
Burundi	389		389	_	389		_
Cambodia	3 808	1 546	2 242	_	2 242	19	
Canada	6 063	_		6 063	6 063	_	·
Chad	475	-	_	475	475		
Chile	5 167	1 886	3 095	78	3 173	108	_
China	24 336	8 313	15 015	141	15 156	868	_
Côte d'Ivoire	1			1	1	_	
Croatia	355	350	5	_	5		_
Denmark	8 559		_	8 100	8 100	459	_
Djibouti	70				_	_	70
Ecuador	252	252	<u>—</u>	_	_	_	
El Salvador	193	193	_	_		CARLOTTE	_
Ethiopia	56 126	21 974	33 291		33 291	792	70
Finland	1 248	625	593	_	593	30	_
France	26 805	3 475	11 395	6 662	18 057	5 274	
Gabon	30		Managers.	30	30		_
Gambia	710	710	_	_			_
Germany	5 372	558	626	312	938	3 876	
Ghana	19 782	9 208	9 978	490	10 468	106	_
Greece	1 645	178	121		121	1 346	_
Guatemala	2 053	1 073	979	_	979		41.00000
Hungary	501	501				******	_
India	95 180	39 473	34 624	13 363	47 987	7 370	350
Indonesia	19 316	7 009	10 749	1 558	12 307		
Iran	25	_	_	25	25	_	_
Ireland	4 653		3 303	2	3 305	1 348	
Italy	17 613	3 880	10 187	_	10 187	3 546	
Japan	15 714	2 942	10 741	2 031	12 772	_	_
Jordan	37 313	10 955	26 158	_	26 158	200	_
Kenya	14 995	5 980	9 015		9 015	_	
Liberia	224		_ _	224	224		
Luxembourg	6	6					_
Malawi	9 925	3 080	6 845		6 845	_	_
Malaysia	12 746	5 298	6 282	1 166	7 448	_	_

Estimated amounts owed to Governments for troops/formed police, contingent-owned equipment and consumables, letters of assist and death and disability

(as of 1 October 2012)

(In thousands of US dollars)

(in thousands of US dollars)			Contingent-owned equipment			ordenia por granda de la companya de	
Government	Totat ^d	Troops and formed police	(new COE methodology) ^a	(old COE methodology) ^b	TOTAL Contingent- owned equipment	Letter of Assist °	Death and disability °
Mongolia	8 403	2 014	6 389	_	6 389	_	_
Morocco	16 860	5 639	10 943	277	11 220	_	_
Nepal	32 987	12 797	20 178	_	20 178	13	_
Netherlands	6 992	_		3 970	3 970	3 022	
Niger	9 834	3 368	6 466	_	6 466	_	_
Nigeria	43 143	19 169	22 903	1 001	23 904	_	70
Norway	6 136			6 136	6 136		
Pakistan	107 397	33 818	64 472	581	65 053	8 456	70
Paraguay	1 379	600	779	_	779	_	_
Peru	2 641	1 325	1 316	_	1 316	_	<u></u>
Philippines	2 943	2 202	556	185	741		
Poland	1 202	_		1 020	1 020	182	_
Portugal	4 761	2 165	2 597		2 597		_
Republic of Korea	4 856	2 263	2 593	<u> </u>	2 593	_	_
Romania .	12		_	_	_	12	• —
Russian Federation	1 112	263	155		155	693	_
Rwanda .	39 168	16 619	19 988	—	19 988	2 512	50
Senegal	22 812	7 802	14 158	105	14 263	677	70
Serbia	361	361	_		_	_	.—
Sierra Leone	1 158	467	691		691	—	_
Slovakia	2 572	1 071	1 501	- 1	1 501		
Slovenia	86	51	32		32	<u> </u>	4
South Africa	19 068	7 301	11 767	-	11 767		
Spain	20 741	3 527	12 907	-	12 907	4 308	
Sri Lanka	7 295	3 625	3 670	-	3 670	_	_
Sweden	2 188	— İ	-1	2 188	2 188	_	_
Thailand	3 878	184	3 336	201	3 537	157	
The Arab Republic of Egypt	41 530	13 913	23 206	4 408	27 614	3	
The United Republic of Tanzania	7 805	3 745	4 020	-	4 020	— <u> </u>	40
Togo	5 893	2 724	3 169	-	3 169		
Tunisia	175	- I	-	175	175	<u> </u>	_
Turkey	5 582	1 015	3 740		3 740	828	_
Uganda	4 584	-	4 584	-	4 584		_
Ukraine	8 448	1 601	2 014	-	2 014	4 833	_
United Kingdom	2 273	1 815	48	-	48	411	
United States	33 885	438	-	19 190	19 190	14 257	_
Uruguay	21 567	7 641	11 885	917	12 802	1 054	70

a. This amount comprised the actual amount owed based on the Verfication Reports (VR) certified to date plus an estimate of the amount owed based on the Annexes B and C of the MOU, subject to confirmation by VR.

b. This comprises the following missions: MINURCA, UNMIH, UNOSOM, UNPREDEP, UNPROFOR, UNTAC, ONUC and UNEF.

c. This amount comprises the actual amount owed from claims certified plus the amount for claims received by TC and under review pending verification for both ongoing and closed/liquidated missions.

d. It is expected that by 16 October the amount owed will decrease to 537,533 thousand of US dollars



The United Nations Financial Situation

Yukio Takasu Under-Secretary-General for Management

United Nations

11 October 2012

Key Components

(US\$ millions)

		31 Dec 2011	5 Oct 2012
Assessments	Regular budget	2,415	2,412
	Peacekeeping	8,651	4,644*
	Tribunals	286	232
	Capital Master Plan	341	-
Unpaid Assessments	Regular budget	454	855
	Peacekeeping	2,625	1,850
	Tribunals	27	63
	Capital Master Plan	87	5
Unpaid Assessments	Regular budget	19	35
(percentage)	Peacekeeping	30	40
	Tribunals	9	27
	Capital Master Plan	26	-

The United Nations Financial Situation

^{* 2012/2013} assessments reduced in scale year (peacekeeping rates for 2013 not yet decided)

Key Components

(US\$ millions)

		31 Dec 2011	5 Oct 2012
Cash on Hand *	Regular budget*	94	149
	Peacekeeping*	3,636	3,597
	Tribunals	129	159
	Capital Master Plan*	861	585
			31 Dec 2012
Outstanding Payments to Member States	Peacekeeping	529	512



^{*} Not including reserve accounts

Regular Budget: Assessment Status

(US\$ millions)

	2011	2012	Difference
Prior year's balance*	351	454	103
Assessments	2,415	2,412	(3)
Payments received	1,899	2,011	112
Unpaid assessments**	867	855	(12)

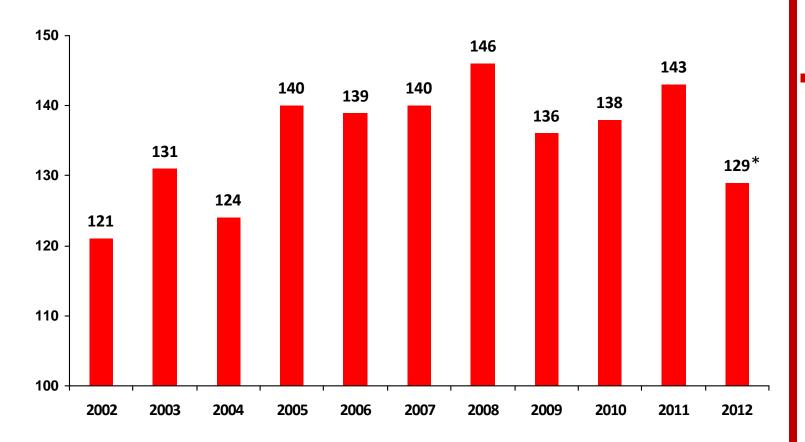


^{*} As at 1 January

^{**} As at 5 October

Regular Budget Assessments

Number of Member States paying in full at Year-end





The United Nations Financial Situation

^{*} At 5 October 2012, compared to 131 Member States as at 5 October 2011

Regular Budget Assessments

Fully paid at 5 October 2012: 129 Member States*

Afghanistan Albania Algeria Andorra Antigua and Barbuda Armenia Australia Austria Azerbaijan **Bahamas** Bahrain **Barbados** Belgium Belize Bhutan **Bolivia** Bosnia and Herzegovina Botswana Brazil Brunei Darussalam Bulgaria Burkina Faso Cambodia

Cameroon

Canada

Cape Verde Chad Chile China Colombia Costa Rica Cote d'Ivoire Croatia Cuba Cyprus Czech Republic Denmark Dominica Ecuador Egypt El Salvador Fritrea Estonia Ethiopia Finland France Gambia Georgia Germany Ghana

Greece

Guatemala

Guvana Honduras Hungary Iceland India Indonesia Iraq Ireland Israel Italv Japan Jordan Kazakhstan Kenya Kuwait Kyrgyzstan Lao People's **Democratic Republic** Latvia Lesotho Liberia Libya

Liechtenstein

Luxembourg

Madagascar

Malawi

Malavsia

Maldives Malta Marshall Islands Mauritius Monaco Mongolia Montenegro Mozambique Myanmar Namibia Netherlands **New Zealand** Nicaragua Niger Norway Oman **Paraguay** Peru Poland Portugal Qatar Republic of Korea Republic of Moldova Romania Russian Federation Rwanda

Samoa

San Marino Serbia Singapore Slovakia Slovenia South Africa Spain Sweden Switzerland Syrian Arab Republic **Tajikistan** Thailand Togo Tunisia Turkey Turkmenistan Tuvalu Ukraine **United Arab Emirates United Kingdom** United Republic of Tanzania

Uzbekistan

Zimbabwe

Zambia



The United Nations Financial Situation

■ Regular budget

Peacekeeping Tribunals Capital Master Plan

^{*} Compared to 131 Member States at 5 October 2011

Unpaid Regular Budget Assessments

(US\$ millions)

Outstanding



The United Nations Financial Situation

■ Regular budget Peacekeeping

Tribunals Capital Master Plan

Member State	5 Oct 2012
United States	744
Mexico	42
Saudi Arabia	20
Venezuela (Bolivarian Republic of)	14
59 Other Member States	35
Total	855

Regular Budget Cash Position

Actual (US\$ millions)

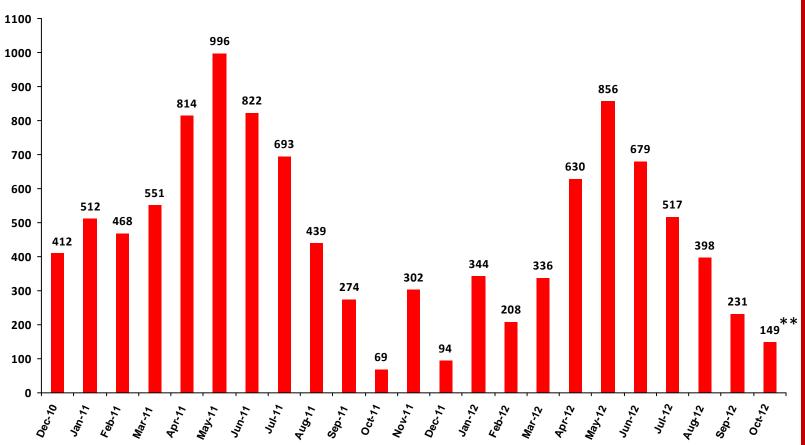
	31 December 2011	5 October 2012
Regular Budget	94	149
Working Capital Fund	150	150
Special Account	255	258
Combined General Fund	499	557



The United Nations Financial Situation

Regular Budget Cash Position*

Actual Figures for Regular Budget for 2011-2012 (US\$ millions)





^{**} At 5 October 2012
Disbursements for the rest of 2012 are projected to be around \$776 million.



The United Nations Financial Situation

Peacekeeping: Assessment Status

at 5 October 2012 (US\$ millions)

Outstanding assessments at 31 Dec 2011	2,625
Assessments during Jan-5 Oct 2012*	4,644
Total	7,269
Payments/credits received during Jan-5 Oct 2012	5,419
Outstanding assessments at 5 Oct 2012**	1,850

The United Nations Financial Situation

^{* 2012/2013} assessments reduced in scale year (peacekeeping rates for 2013 not yet decided)

^{**} Including assessments within 30-day period for UNIFIL and UNMIL (issued on 14 and 28 September 2012)

Peacekeeping Assessments

Fully paid - due and payable at 11 Oct 2012: 32 Member States*



Australia Latvia

Austria Libya

Burkina Faso Malawi

Canada Monaco

China Netherlands

Costa Rica New Zealand

Cote d'Ivoire Niger

Czech Republic Norway

Denmark Republic of Korea

Finland Republic of Moldova

Germany Russian Federation

Iceland Singapore

Ireland South Africa

Israel Sweden

Kazakhstan Switzerland

Kenya United Republic of Tanzania



The United Nations Financial Situation

Unpaid Peacekeeping Assessments*

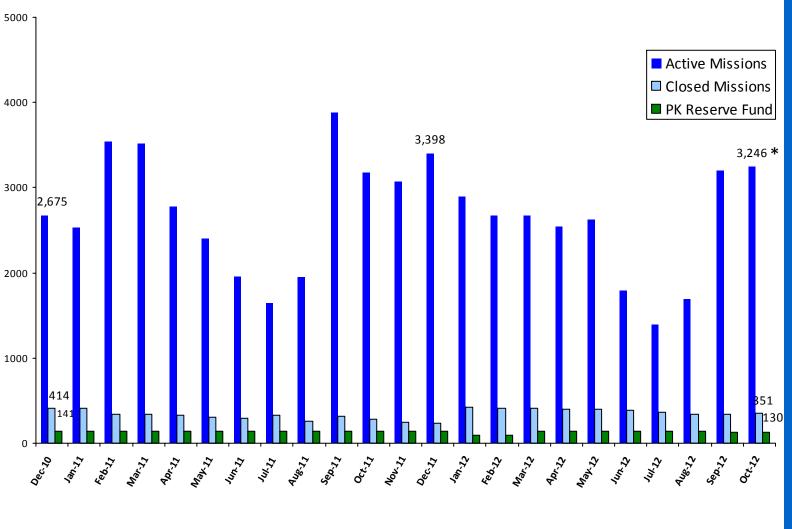
(Actual) (US\$ millions)

Member State	5 Oct 2011	Member State	5 Oct 2012
Japan	648	Japan	356
Spain	490	United States	347
United States	405	Italy	137
Italy	251	Ukraine	134
United Kingdom	174	Saudi Arabia	118
Republic of Korea	168	Spain	115
Ukraine	140	United Kingdom*	99
China	121	Greece	76
Greece	117	United Arab Emirates	56
Others	790	Others*	412
Total	3,304	Total	1,850

^{*}Payments received after the cut-off date of 5 October 2012 are not reflected on this page.

Peacekeeping Cash Position

Actual Figures for Peacekeeping for 2011-2012 (US\$ millions)





* At 5 October 2012

Outstanding Payments to Member States

Amounts Owed for Troops/Formed-Police Units and Contingent-Owned Equipment (US\$ millions)



	Actual 2011*	Projected 2012
1 January	539	529
New obligations	2,014	2,050
Payments to Member States	(2,024)	(2,067)
31 December	529 Over 12 months: 90	512 Over 12 months: 93
	Less than 12 months: 439	Less than 12 months: 419

^{*} Reference A/66/679, table 17 (updated figures)

Outstanding Payments to Member States

Projected 2012 Outstanding Payments (US\$ millions)

	31 Dec 2011	1 Oct 2012	16 Oct 2012	31 Dec 2012
				(Projected)
Troop/formed police unit costs	173	349	12 *	139
COE claims (active missions)	270	550	362 **	287
COE claims (closed missions)	86	86	86	86
TOTAL ***	529	985	460	512



^{*} Payments for troops/formed police unit costs for all missions including supplemental payments will be current up to Aug/Sep 2012, except MINURSO up to Feb 2011, UNFICYP up to Feb 2012, and UNMIT up to Oct 2011.

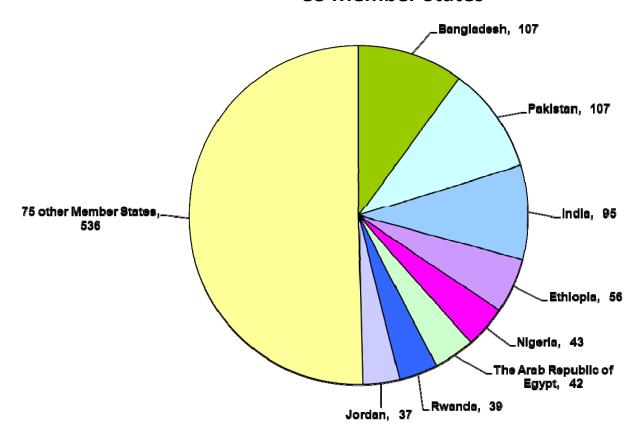
^{**} Payments for COE for active missions will be current up to Aug 2012 except MINURSO, UNFICYP, UNMIT and UNSOA.

^{***} does not include Letters of Assist and death and disability claim costs which have balances of \$76 million and \$1 million at 1 October 2012 respectively.

Outstanding Payment to Member States

Amounts Owed for Troops/Formed Police Units and COE at 1 October 2012 (US\$ millions)

83 Member States



TOTAL 1,062 million*

*including Letter of assist



The United Nations Financial Situation

Tribunals: Assessment Status*

	5 Oct 2011	5 Oct 2012
Member States paid in full	93	95
Member States with amounts outstanding to one or both tribunals, and/or international residual mechanism	99	97
Payments received (US\$ millions)	257	195
Unpaid Assessments (US\$ millions)	56	63



Regular budget Peacekeeping

■Tribunals
Capital Master Plan

^{*} Including assessments for the International Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia, the International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda, and the International Residual Mechanism for Criminal Tribunals

Tribunal Assessments

Fully paid at 5 October 2012: 95 Member States

Andorra Croatia Antigua and Barbuda Cuba Argentina Cyprus Armenia Czech Republic Australia Denmark Austria Ecuador Azerbaijan Egypt **Bahamas** Eritrea Belgium Estonia Belize Finland Benin France **Bhutan** Georgia Bosnia and Herzegovina Germany Brazil Ghana Brunei Darussalam Guyana Bulgaria Haiti Burkina Faso Hungary Cameroon Iceland Canada India Chile Ireland China Israel Colombia Italy Costa Rica Japan Cote d'Ivoire Kazakhstan

Poland Kenva Kuwait Qatar Lao People's Republic of Korea Democratic Republic Republic of Moldova Latvia Romania Lesotho Samoa Liberia San Marino Libya Senegal Liechtenstein Singapore Luxembourg Slovakia South Africa Madagascar Malawi Sweden Malaysia Switzerland Mauritius Syrian Arab Republic Monaco Tajikistan Thailand Mongolia Namibia **Timor Leste** Netherlands Turkey Turkmenistan New Zealand Ukraine Nicaragua Niger **United Kingdom**

Norway

Panama

Oman

United Republic of Tanzania

Uzbekistan

Zambia



The United Nations Financial Situation

Regular budget Peacekeeping

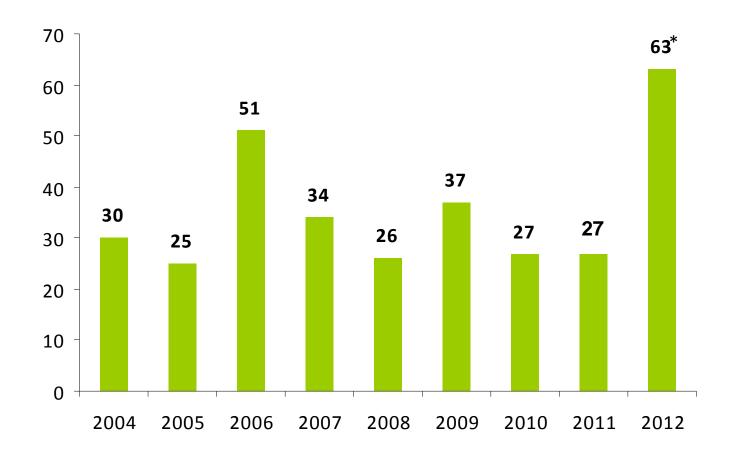
■Tribunals

Capital Master Plan

¹⁷

Outstanding Tribunal Assessments

at 31 December (US\$ millions)





Unpaid Tribunal Assessments

at 5 October 2012 (US\$ millions)

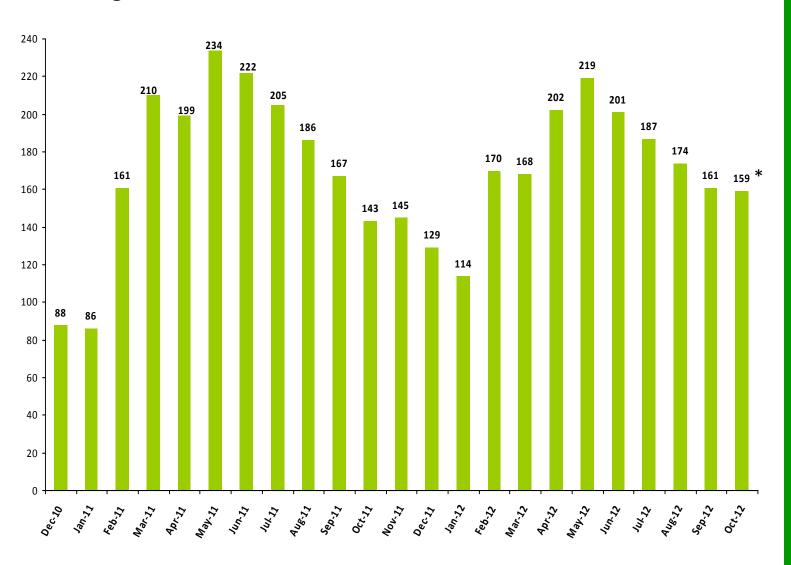
97 Member States

Member State	Outstanding
United States	33
Spain	7
Russian Federation	4
Indonesia	3
Mexico	3
92 Other Member States	13
Total	63



Tribunals Cash Position

Actual Figures for Tribunals for 2011-2012





The United Nations Financial Situation

Regular budget Peacekeeping

■Tribunals
Capital Master Plan

Capital Master Plan

(US\$ millions)

Assessments	1,868.7
Payments at 5 Oct 2012*	1,864.1
Unpaid assessments	4.6



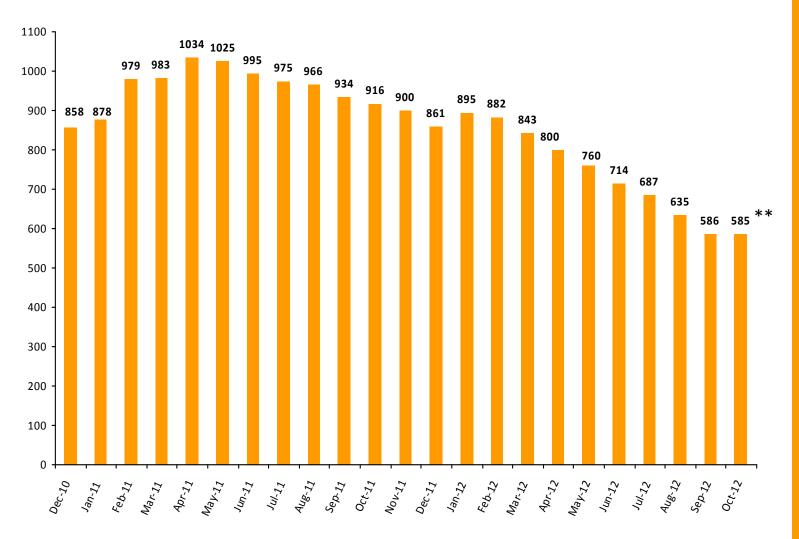
Regular budget Peacekeeping Tribunals

■Capital Master Plan

^{*} Not including payments to the working capital reserve fund of \$45 million, which had an outstanding balance of \$8,335 at 5 Oct 2012.

Capital Master Plan Cash Position*

Actual figures for CMP Fund for 2011-2012



^{*} Does not include balances in Working Capital Reserve



The United Nations Financial Situation

Regular budget Peacekeeping Tribunals

■Capital Master Plan

^{**} At 5 October 2012

Capital Master Plan

Fully paid at 5 Oct 2012: 149 Member States

Albania	Croatia	Iraq	Mozambique	Solomon Islands
Algeria	Cuba	Ireland	Myanmar	South Africa
Andorra	Cyprus	Israel	Namibia	Spain
Antigua and Barbuda	Czech Republic	Italy	Nauru	Sri Lanka
Argentina	Democratic People's	Japan	Netherlands	Suriname
Armenia	Republic of Korea	Jordan	New Zealand	Sweden
Australia	Democratic Republic of	Kazakhstan	Nicaragua	Switzerland
Austria	Congo	Kenya	Niger	Syrian Arab Republic
Azerbaijan	Denmark	Kiribati	Nigeria	Tajikistan
Bahamas	Djibouti	Kuwait	Norway	Thailand
Bahrain	Ecuador	Kyrgyzstan	Oman	Timor Leste
Barbados	Egypt	Lao People's	Pakistan	Togo
Belarus	El Salvador	Democratic Republic	Panama	Trinidad and Tobago
Belgium	Eritrea	Latvia	Paraguay	Tunisia
Belize	Estonia	Lebanon	Philippines	Turkey
Benin	Finland	Lesotho	Poland	Turkmenistan
Bhutan	France	Liberia	Portugal	Tuvalu
Bosnia and Herzegovina	Georgia	Libya	Qatar	Uganda
Botswana	Germany	Liechtenstein	Republic of Korea	Ukraine
Brazil	Ghana	Lithuania	Republic of Moldova	United Kingdom
Brunei Darussalam	Greece	Luxembourg	Romania	United Republic of Tanzania
Bulgaria	Grenada	Madagascar	Russian Federation	United States of America
Burkina Faso	Guatemala	Malawi	Saint Kitts and Nevis	Uruguay
Cameroon	Guinea	Malaysia	Samoa	Uzbekistan
Canada	Guyana	Mali	San Marino	Venezuela
Chile	Haiti	Malta	Saudi Arabia	Viet Nam
China	Honduras	Mauritius	Senegal	Zambia
Colombia	Hungary	Mexico	Serbia	Zimbabwe
Congo	Iceland	Monaco	Singapore	
Costa Rica	India	Mongolia	Slovakia	

Montenegro

Slovenia



The United Nations Financial Situation

Regular budget Peacekeeping Tribunals

■ Capital Master Plan

Indonesia

Cote d'Ivoire

²³

All Assessments

Due and payable at 11 October 2012 Paid in Full: 31 Member States compared to 18 Member States at 11 October 2011



Australia	Iceland	New Zealand	
Austria	Ireland	Niger	
Burkina Faso	Israel	Norway	
Canada	Kazakhstan	Republic of Korea	
China	Kenya	Republic of Moldova	
Costa Rica	Latvia	Singapore	
Cote d'Ivoire	Libya	South Africa	
Czech Republic	Malawi	Sweden	
Denmark	Monaco	Switzerland	
Finland	Netherlands	United Republic of Tanzania	
Germany			

Conclusions

- ☐ Cash positions are positive at year end except regular budget.
- ☐ Regular budget is facing pressure at year end.
- ☐ Outstanding payments to Member States will decrease to \$512 million at the end of 2012.
- ☐ The number of Member States meeting full obligations is higher, with 31 Member States, compared to 18 last year.
- ☐ The financial health of the Organization continues to depend on Member States meeting their financial obligations in full and on time.



The United Nations Financial Situation